SOLTIGUA

CONCENTRATING SOLUTIONS



HIGH TEMPERATURE COLLECTORS

SO.PRO Workshop - Intersolar Munich 2011

Soltigua

Soltigua is an Italian company which designs and manufactures <u>linear</u> concentrating solar collectors which produce heat up to 250°C.

Soltigua's product portfolio includes two different types of concentrating collectors:

- PTM series (Parabolic Trough Collectors)
- FTM series (Linear Fresnel Collectors)

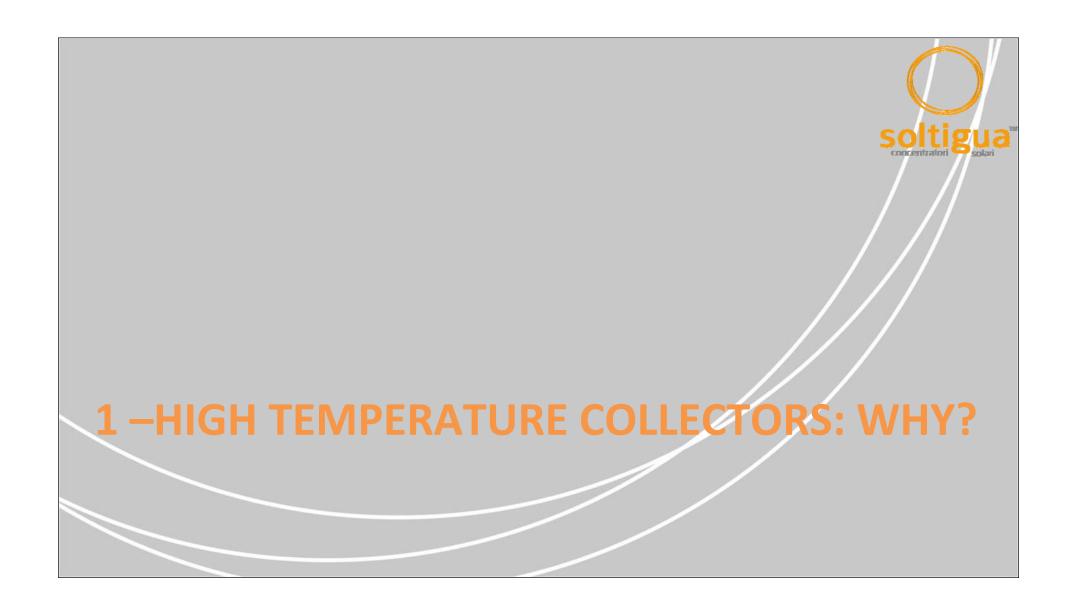
This makes Soltigua's offer unique on a worldwide basis.

Soltigua also develops <u>concentrating solar solutions</u> for distributed heat generation, air conditioning and polygeneration requirements.









Applications



Process heat up to 250°C

- Production of hot water and steam
- Heating of thermal oil
- Generation of hot air



Solar cooling

- Production of air conditioning with LiBr absorption chillers
- Cooling at T<=0°C with ammonia chillers



Polygeneration

- Electricity production with low temeprature turbines (ORC)
- Solar co-generation and tri-generation
- Desalination



Applications: by industry

INDUSTRIAL SECTOR	PROCESS	TEMPERATURE[°C]
Food and beverages	Washing	80 – 150
	Pasteurization	80 – 110
	Sterilization	130 – 150
	Drying	130 – 240
	Cooking	80 – 100
Plastics	Extrusion and Drying	150 – 180
	Heat treatment	150 – 180
Chemical	Boiling	95 – 105
	Distillation	110 – 300
	Drying	150 – 180
Paper	Bleaching and drying	130 – 180
Textile	Washing	80 – 100
	Heat treatment	80 – 130
	Bleaching	60 – 100
	Dyeing	100 - 160
Industrial cleaning	Steam Washing	150
Commercial sector	Air conditioning	180
All	Electricity generation/Polygeneration	250-300

Purely indicative information. Soltigua does not guarantee its accuracy



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Solar Cooling - the concept

- An absorption chiller is fed with the heat collected by solar collectors.
- The chiller is environmentally friendly: it uses a natural refrigerant (a mixture of water and lithium bromide). There is no impact on ozone depletion or on global warming
- The primary energy resource is the sun
- Electricity consumption is very low
- Main consumption is water in the cooling tower
- CO2 emissions are greatly reduced



High temperature solar cooling

 High temperature parabolic collectors make it possible to use double effect absorption chillers, whose performance is twice the one of single effect chillers which are driven by low temperature collectors (1.42 vs 0.7)

For a given cooling requirement:

- A smaller collector field is required
- Water consumption in the cooling tower is reduced by 27%

Solar Cooling Ratio

Low Temperature

High Temperature

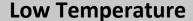
Peak performance per net sqm installed	Evacuated tube collectors+ single effect absorption chiller	Parabolic troughs + double effect absorption chiller
Collectors Efficiency	0.6	0.5
Chiller Efficiency (COP)	0.75	1.42
Total System Performance	0.45	0.71 +57%

Up to **57%** increase in Cooling Yield per square meter of collecting surface installed



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Water Consumption



Heat Provided (solar) = 1/COP = 1/0.75 =

1.33 kW

Heat Rejected (cooling tower) = Heat Provided + Heat Extracted = 1+1/COP =

1-effect Chiller

2.33 kW/kW_{cooling}

Heat Extracted (cooling) =

High Temperature & Heat Provided (solar) =

1/COP =1/1.42 =

0.70 kW

2-effect Chiller

Heat Extracted (cooling) =

Heat Rejected (cooling tower) = Heat Provided + Heat Extracted = 1+1/COP =

1.7 kW/kW_{cooling}

Purely indicative infor

27% water savings in the cooling tower (+lower electricity consumption)

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Field-proven solar cooling solutions

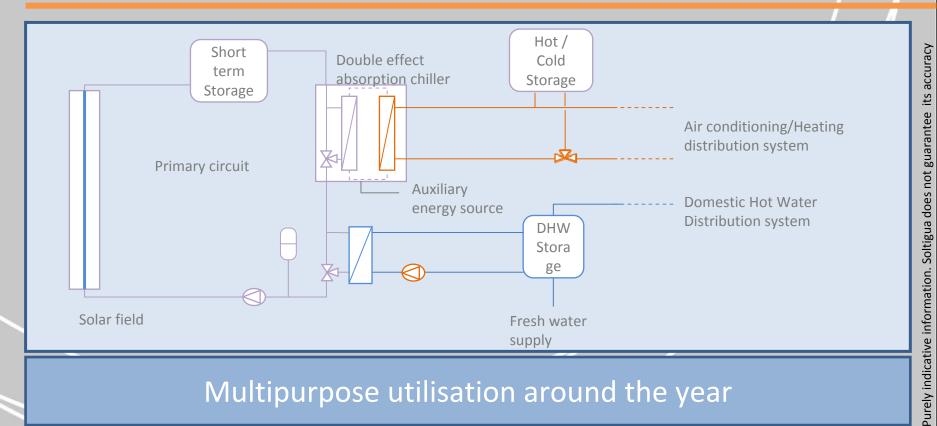


With 23 KW of installed capacity, Soltigua has realised two years ago the first double effect solar cooling system in Italy. The plant is providing air conditioning to the company's offices.

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Solar cooling layout

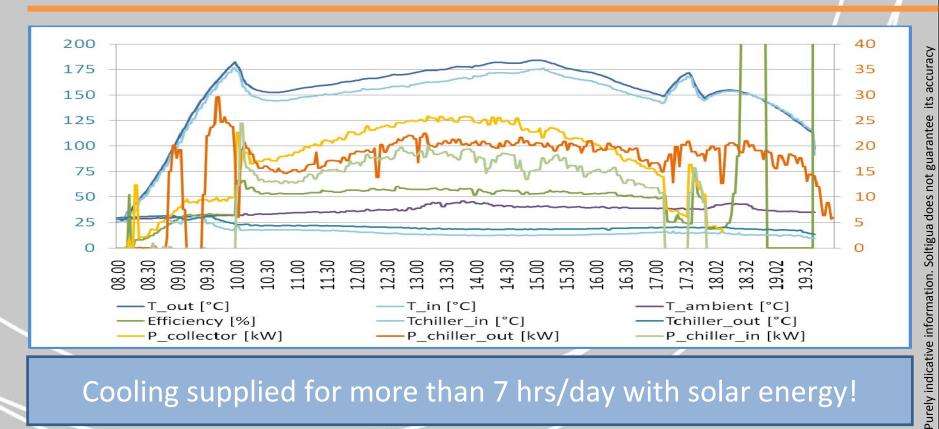


Multipurpose utilisation around the year



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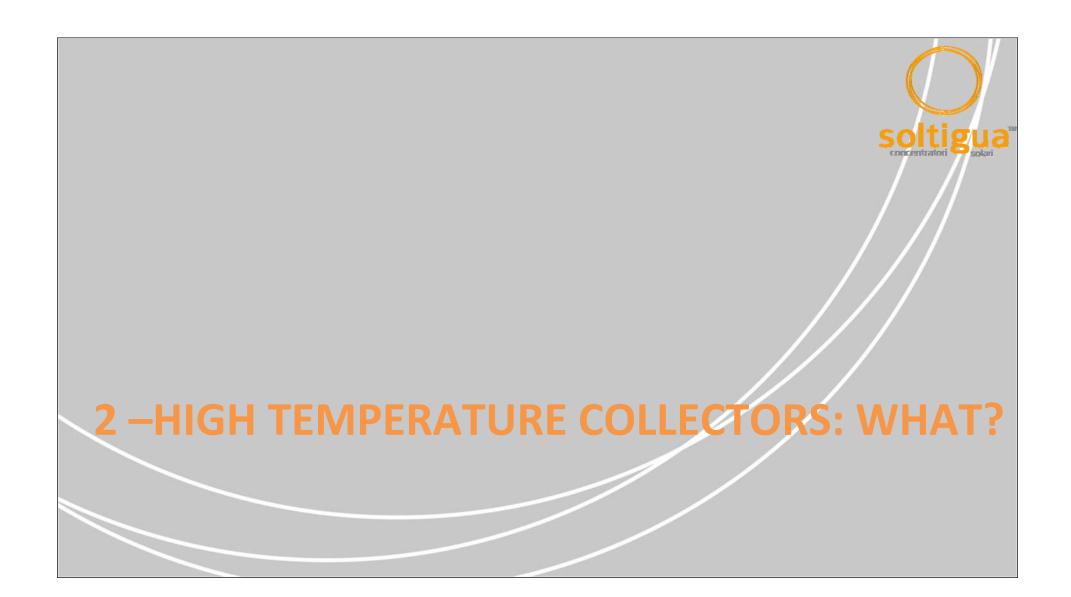
Daily operations (summer 2010)



Cooling supplied for more than 7 hrs/day with solar energy!

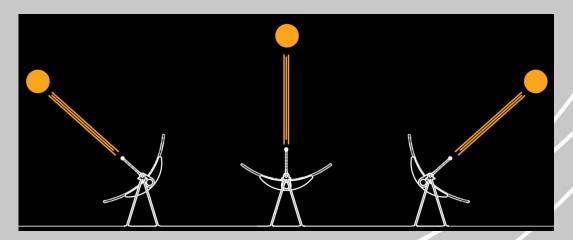
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The concept

The collectors continuously track the sun during the day. The mirrors concentrate the sun light on the receiver tube, reaching high operating temperatures (up to 250°C).



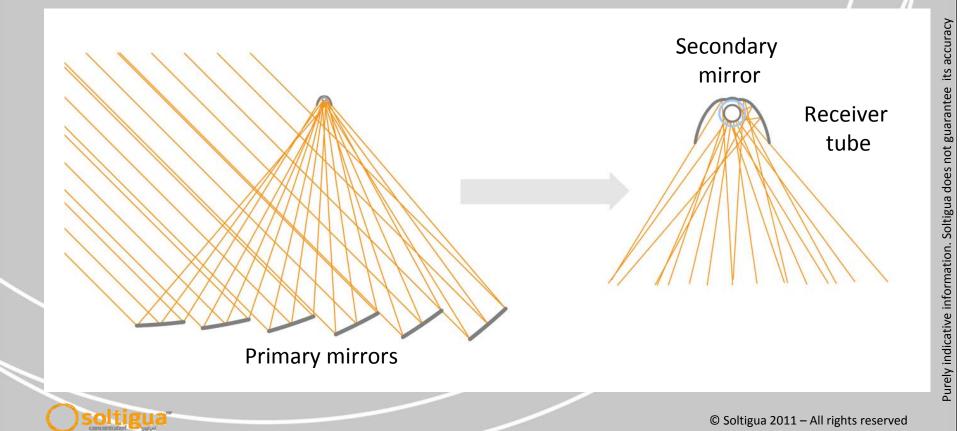
As a result, solar energy can be used in areas previously considered not suitable for renewable energies.



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Linear Fresnel: the concept



High temperature collector technologies



PTM – parabolic trough collector



FTM - linear Fresnel collector

COMMON FEATURES

- Modular design
- Selectively coated receiver
- Weather-resistant mirrors
- Sun tracking drive and motor

- · Hot-dip galvanized frame
- * PLC- based controller
- Fluid: hot water (up to 110°C) or thermal oil
- · Working pressure: up to 8 bar
- Maximum fluid working temperature: 250°C
- Electric panel at 230 V

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PTM - parabolic trough collector

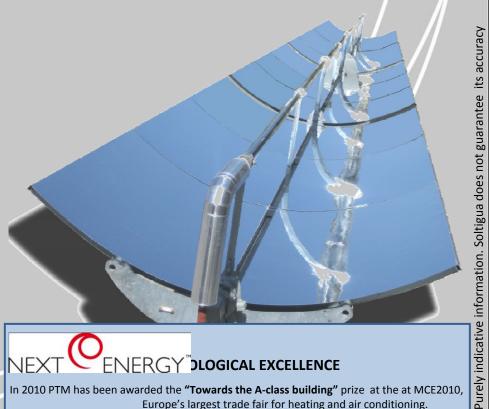
TECHNICAL FEATURES

Modular design:

- Surface = 13.5 sqm/module
- Length = 6.2 mt/module
- Cord = 2.4 mt
- Peak power = 570W/sqm (7.7 kW/module) @DNI of 1000 W/sqm, Tamb= 30°C, Tout = 200°C

Up to 6 modules driven by the same motor (n.1 PTM36):

- 37 mt -long / 80 sqm / 46 kW_{peak}





In 2010 PTM has been awarded the "Towards the A-class building" prize at the at MCE2010, Europe's largest trade fair for heating and air conditioning.

The prize was given to the best innovations for building energy systems.



FTM - linear Fresnel collector

TECHNICAL FEATURES (Available July 2011)

- Modular design:
 - Surface = 22.5 sqm/module
 - Length = 6.3 mt/module
 - Width = 5 mt
 - Heigth = 3.5 mt
 - Peak power = 490 W/sqm (11 kW/module)@DNI of1000 W/sqm, Tamb= 30°C, Tout = 200°C estimated
- Up to 6 modules driven by the same motor:
 - 36 mt -long / 135 sqm / 66 kW_{peak}



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Ongoing developments

- EN 12975 has been extended to concentrating collectors in Dec.2010
- First certification up to 250°C is being completed in Enea's Trisaia laboratory (on PTM)
- Solar Keymark standard is being adapted to include concentrating collectors





3 -HIGH TEMPERATURE COLLECTORS: HOW?

Soltigua's solar design method

1. ASSESS

- Site assessment
 - -Solar radiation
 - -Avail.space & constraints
- Process assessment
 - -Load profile
 - -Existing energy sources
- Preliminary economics

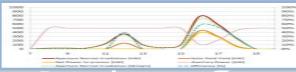
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2. PLAN

- •Integration concept
- Solar field working conditions
- Optimal solar field size

3 DESIGN

- Control logic
- •Primary&secondary loop
- Local norms (e.g.structural)



4. INSTALL

•Attention to details (e.g. insulation)

5. OPERATE

- Operating strategy
- Mirror cleaning
- •<u>System</u> mainten.



Based on:

• Field experience in own premises

Worldwide projects



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An example: Indian case study

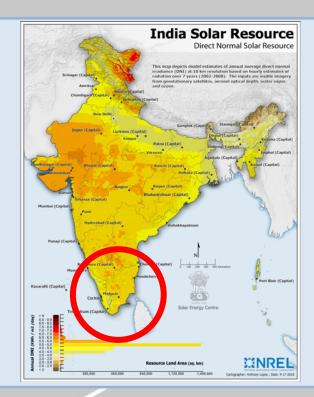
Location: Tamil Nadu

Coordinates: XXX

Process: textile industry

DNI: 1'768 kWh/sqm

T_{average daily} = 27.4 °C





Assess: Existing Process

Fluid Temperature: 100° –

135°C

Capacity installed: 600 kW_{th}

Working time: 8-20

Steam pressure: 5-6 bar

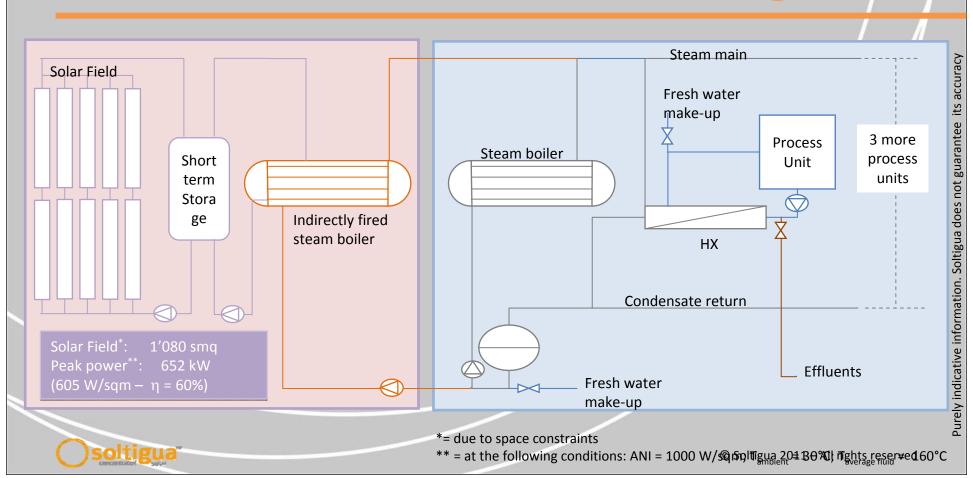
Current fuel: crude oil

Steam main Purely indicative information. Soltigua does not guarantee its accuracy Fresh water make-up 3 more **Process** Steam boiler **Process** Unit Units НХ Condensate return **Effluents** Fresh water make-up

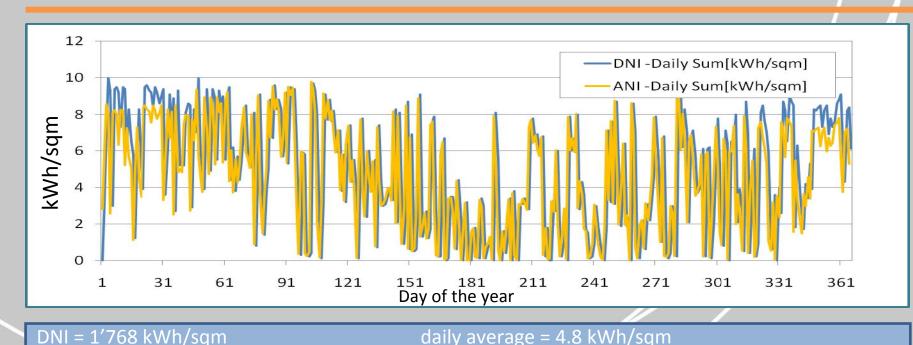
Available space: 2'300 sqm

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Plan: Solar Integration



Plan: Solar data analysis



daily average = 4.6 kWh/sqm

DNI = 1'768 kWh/sqm

ANI = 1'678 (N-S alignment)

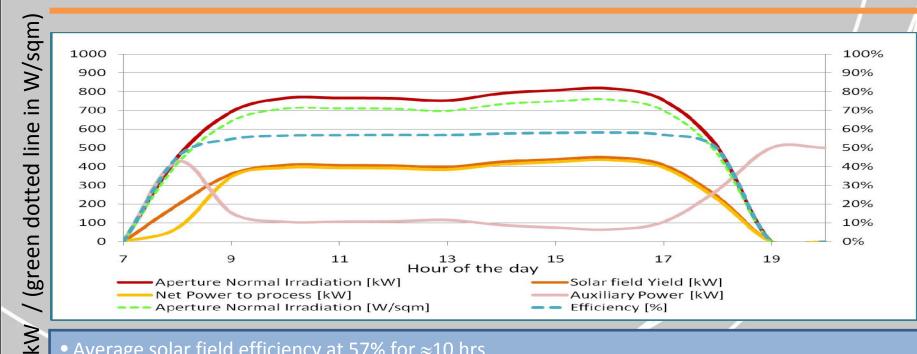
Percentile:

[25%] = 7.2 kWh/sqm [50%] = 4.6 kWh/sqm [75%] = 2.1 kWh/sqm

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Sunny day - 25% percentile



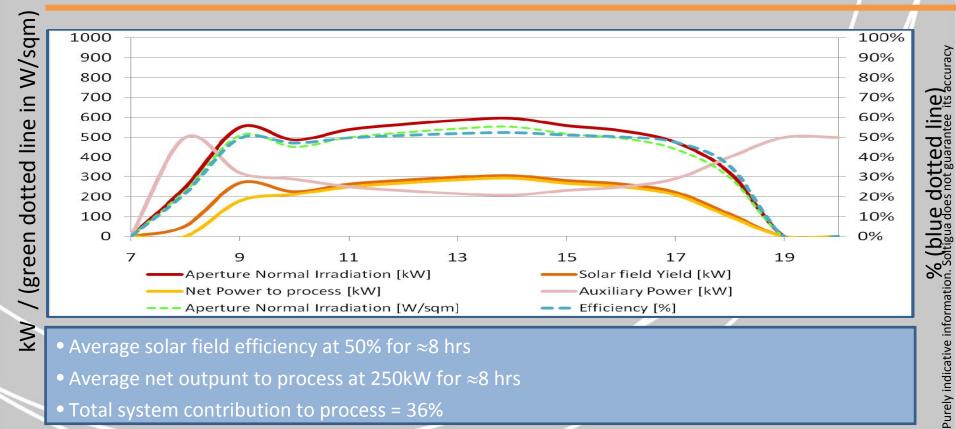
- Average solar field efficiency at 57% for ≈10 hrs
- Average net outpunt to process at +400kW for ≈10 hrs
- Total system contribution to process = 58%



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% (blue dotted line)
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"Median day" - 50% percentile

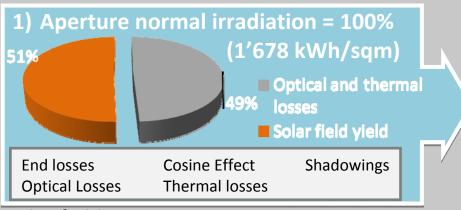


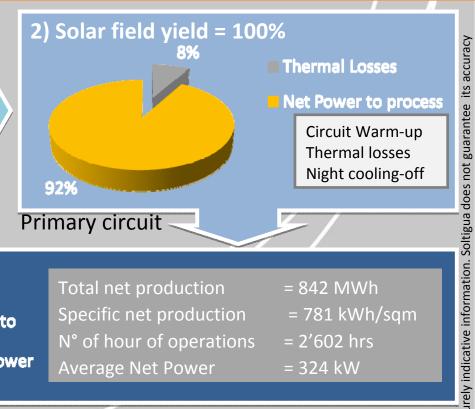
- Average solar field efficiency at 50% for ≈8 hrs
- Average net outpunt to process at 250kW for ≈8 hrs
- Total system contribution to process = 36%



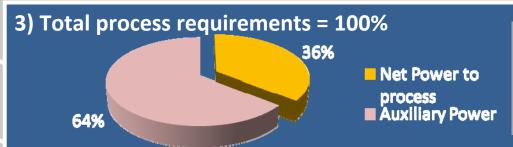
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Yearly results





Solar field



Total net production = 842 MWh = 781 kWh/sqm Specific net production N° of hour of operations = 2'602 hrsAverage Net Power = 324 kW

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Net contribution to load © Soltigua 2011 - All rights reserved

Conclusions

- High temperature collectors can broaden the field of application of solar eergy to solar process heat and to many more fields of application
- Two high performance collector technologies are already available and the choice of the best one is case-specific
- Together with technological achievements, standard certification and system oriented approach provide complete solutions to industrial clients





Come and visit us at booth B2.117!

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